

Active Norfolk Safeguarding Adults Procedures

Active Norfolk (September 2024)



Active Norfolk Safeguarding Adults Procedures

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Introduction

Active Norfolk is committed to providing a safe environment for everyone to participate in our organisation and its activities. These procedures must be followed in any circumstances where an adult is at risk of harm.

The procedure should be implemented with reference to Active Norfolk Safeguarding Adults Policy and supporting information.

This procedure details the steps to be taken in responding to any concern that an adult involved in Active Norfolk or its activities, is at risk of or is experiencing harm.

The procedures have two main sections:

Section 1: Reporting concerns- For everyone

Section 2: What happens next - For Safeguarding Lead and organisational response

The information is presented in flow charts with accompanying text. Please refer to both as the text contains more detail.



Glossary

For more details please see the additional information sections of Active Norfolk Safeguarding Adults Policy.

Adult	A person over the age of 18
Adult at risk	Definition used in legislation (different in each home
	nation) for adults who the Local Authority has a
	responsibility to support to prevent them from
	experiencing (further) harm caused by abuse and
	neglect.
Abuse	A violation of a person's physical, emotional or
	mental integrity by any other person.
Case Management Group	A group created by a sports organisation to ensure
	the organisation carries out its role/s in individual
	cases of abuse or neglect AND to maintain an
	overview of the implementation of the organisation's
	safeguarding functions.
Harm	Damage done to a person's well-being.
MASH	Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hubs are used as a one
	point of contact/safeguarding referrals in some
	areas. Where they exist a referral to MASH benefits
	from the information held by and the expertise of
	various agencies e.g. Local Authority, Police and
	Health.
Mental Capacity	The ability to consider relevant information, make
	and communicate a decision.
Safeguarding	Work to prevent and to stop abuse and neglect.
Safeguarding Adult Team	A team set up to manage the safeguarding of adults
	at risk within an organisation or more commonly
	across a Local Authority district.
Safeguarding Adults Board	A statutory body set up in line with national
(SAB) (England and Wales)	legislation. Statutory membership includes the Local
	Authority, Police and NHS. Representatives from the
	voluntary sector and of 'citizens' e.g. a representative
	from a disabled people's forum are often also
	included. Their role is to coordinate safeguarding
	work across the Local Authority district.
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Section 1: Reporting Concerns (For everyone)



Reporting Concerns About Yourself

If you are experiencing harm within Active Norfolk contact:

Sam Watts Adult Safeguarding Lead, via safeguarding@activenorfolk.org

If you are in immediate danger or need immediate medical assistance, contact the emergency services 999.

Please contact the Adult Safeguarding Lead Sam Watts. If you would prefer, please contact another member of staff who will help you raise the issue to the Adult Safeguarding Lead.

If the Adult Safeguarding Lead or a Designated Safeguarding Officers is implicated or you think has a conflict of interest, then report to the Aaron Roberts, Lead Safeguarding Officer or Eve Dewsnap. Director of Active Norfolk.

You can also contact the Police, Social Services, your doctor or other organisations that can provide information and give help and support (see Appendix 2 Other sources of support).

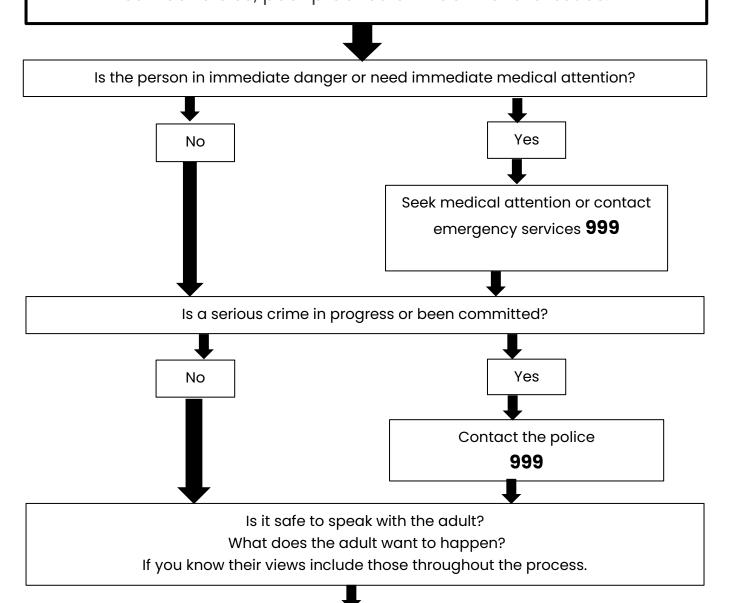
Active Norfolk will follow the procedure in this document. If you do not think your concerns are being addressed in the way that they should be please contact the Director or a member of the Active Norfolk Board.

At all stages you are welcome to have someone who you trust support you and help you to explain what happened and what you want to happen.



Reporting Concerns About Others (Flowchart 1)

You have a concern, or have been told about, possible abuse of someone else, poor practice or wider welfare issues.



Report to your Designated Safeguarding Officer safeguarding@activenorfolk.org and report your concerns without delay.

If you have concerns that they are implicated or may not act appropriately contact: Sam Watts, Adult Lead Safeguarding Officer.

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Make notes and complete a Safeguarding Adults Concerns Report Form (see Appendix 1), submit to Designated Safeguarding Lead or Adult Lead.



Reporting Concerns About Others

You may be concerned about harm to another person because of something you have seen or heard, information you have been told by others or because someone has confided in you about things that are happening or have happened to them.

You should not keep safeguarding concerns to yourself. If you have concerns and/or you are told about possible or alleged abuse, poor practice or wider welfare issues you must contact the Active Norfolk Safeguarding Lead or Designated Safeguarding Officer (DSO) as soon as you can. safeguarding@activenorfolk.org.

If the Adult Safeguarding Lead or DSO is implicated or you think has a conflict of interest, then report to the Aaron Robers, Lead Safeguarding Officer, Eve Dewsnap, Director or Norfolk Safeguarding Adults Board.

If you are concerned about harm being caused to **someone else,** please follow the guidance below.

- It is not your responsibility to prove or decide whether an adult has been harmed or abused. It is however, everyone's responsibility to respond to and report concerns they have.
- If someone has a need for **immediate medical attention** call an ambulance on
- If you are concerned someone is in **immediate danger** or a **serious crime** is being committed, contact the police on 999 straight away. Where you suspect that a crime is being committed, you must involve the police.
- Remember to be person centred/make safeguarding personal. If it will not put
 them or you at further risk, discuss your safeguarding concerns with the adult
 and ask them what they would like to happen next. Inform them that you have to
 pass on your concerns to your Designated Safeguarding Lead. Do not contact
 the adult before talking to your Designated Safeguarding Officer if the person
 allegedly causing the harm is likely to find out.
- Remember not to confront the person thought to be causing the harm.



Responding to a Direct Disclosure

If an adult indicates that they are being harmed or abused, or information is received which gives rise to concern, the person receiving the information should:

- Take it seriously.
- Stay calm.
- Listen carefully to what is said, allowing the adult to continue at their own pace,
- Be sensitive.
- Keep questions to a minimum, only ask questions if you need to identify/ clarify what the person is telling you.
- Reassure the person that they have done the right thing in revealing the information.
- Ask them what they would like to happen next.
- Explain what you would like to do next.
- Explain that you will have to share the information with Active Norfolk Safeguarding Lead or Welfare Officer.
- Ask for their consent for the information to be shared outside the organisation.
- Make an arrangement as to how you/the Safeguarding Lead can contact them safely.
- Help them to contact other organisations for advice and support (e.g. Police, Domestic Abuse helpline, Victim Support -see Appendix 6).
- Act swiftly to report and carry out any relevant actions.
- Record in writing what was said using the adult's own words as soon as possible.

It is important **not** to:

- Dismiss or ignore the concern.
- Panic or allow shock or distaste to show.
- Make negative comments about the alleged perpetrator.
- Make assumptions or speculate.
- Come to your own conclusions.
- Probe for more information than is offered.
- Promise to keep the information secret.
- Make promises that cannot be kept.
- Conduct an investigation of the case.
- Confront the person thought to be causing harm.
- Take sole responsibility.
- Tell everyone



Record Keeping

- Complete a Safeguarding Adults Report Form (see Appendix 1) and submit to the Active Norfolk Designated Safeguarding Lead without delay.
- Describe the circumstances in which the concern came about and what action you took/ advice you gave.
- It is important to distinguish between things that are facts, things that have been observed or over-heard and opinions, in order to ensure that information is as accurate as possible.
- If someone has told you about the harm or abuse, use the words the person themselves used. If someone has written to you (including by email, message) include a copy with the form.

Be mindful of the need to be confidential at all times.

This information must only be shared with your Safeguarding Lead or Welfare
Officer and others that have a need to know –e.g. to keep the person safe whilst
waiting for action to be taken.



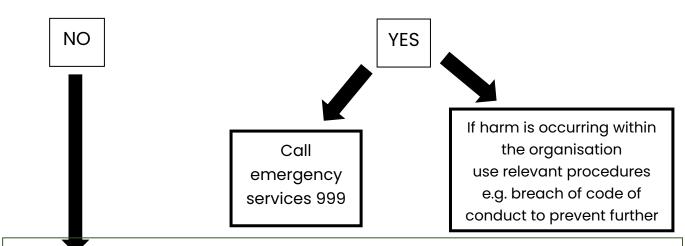
Section 2: What happens next? (Safeguarding Lead and organisational response)



Procedure for Safeguarding Lead (Flowchart 2)

Steps 1-5 **Initial response** (as soon as you receive the Safeguarding referral)

Step 1: Is someone at immediate risk of harm/ danger or in need of immediate medical attention?



Step 2 - Safeguarding Report Details

If you have been sent a Safeguarding Adults Report Form check that you can understand what is written and that all the necessary parts have been completed

If you are being contacted directly request a completed Safeguarding Adults Report Form (staff and volunteers) or fill in the form with the person making the report (public/adult themselves)

Step 3- Person Making the Report

Inform, reassure and advise the person making the report e.g. what to do/what not to do. Explain what will happen next. Reinforce the need for confidentiality.

Step 4- Person at Risk

What are the risks? What are the views of the adult? Are they an adult at risk? Do they need support to make decisions about their safety?

Do you need to contact the adult directly? Is it safe for you to do so?

Step 5 – Person at Risk

If it is safe to do so - ensure the person at risk has information about what will happen next.

Make sure they have been given information about other organisations that can support them (see Appendix 2).



Steps 6-14 Taking Action

Step 6 – Consult and Decide

As needed consult Case Management Group, Local Authority/the Police and decide which one or more of the following actions need to be taken.

Step 7

If a serious crime is suspected contact the police

Criminal enquiry, investigation, proceedings

Step 8

If you believe there is an 'adult at risk' make a safeguarding adults report to the Local Authority

Safeguarding adults process led by Local Authority

Step 9

If harm is suspected of being caused within Active Norfolk

e.g. by an employee, contracted worker, volunteer or member report to relevant manager/s

Organisation takes **short term steps** within relevant
policy to **prevent harm** e.g.
suspend employee, coach,
volunteer or member

Step 10

Consult with and inform the adult

Organisation decides who will maintain regular contact with the adult/s who have been at risk of harm

Step 11

Take advice from and **coordinate actions** taken by Active Norfolk with those of **other agencies**. Attend and contribute to Safeguarding Adults strategy meetings

Step 1

Hold Case Management meeting to coordinate actions by Active Norfolk organisation

Possible outcomes: e.g.

- Criminal Caution or Conviction
- Police referral back to organisation
- Referral to Independent Barring Board
- Unsubstantiated- no further action

Possible outcomes e.g.

- LA enquiries triggered
- Adult supported to 'make safeguarding personal'
- Other adults at risk identified
- Multi-agency meetings to coordinate actions
- New/changed care and support and protection plan for any adult at risk
- NOT an adult at risk information and advice provided

Possible outcomes: e.g.

- Informal resolution
- Education and training
- Formal warning
- Dismissal
- Role conditions applied
- Contract ended
- Referred to Independent Barring Board
- Unsubstantiated no further action

Possible Outcomes: e.g.

- Adult receives information about the process
- Adult supported to have their views and experience heard
- Adult supported to gain support from other agencies
- Adult continues to participate in organisation/sport

Steps 13 and 14

Recording and reporting

Ensure decisions made, actions taken, and outcomes logged and reported



Once a concern has been passed to the Active Norfolk Safeguarding Lead, they will coordinate the Active Norfolk Safeguarding Adults Procedure (see Flowchart 2 below).

The Safeguarding Lead will keep clear records of decision making, actions taken, and the outcomes achieved. They will also collect feedback from the adult.

The Safeguarding Lead, where appropriate, in consultation with the Case Management Group, will take the following actions:

Immediate Response

1. Ensure any **immediate actions** necessary to safeguard anyone at risk have been taken.

If the risk is said to be due to the behaviour of an employee or other person involved in the organisation/activities use the relevant procedures (e.g. breach of code of conduct, breach of contract, disciplinary or grievance procedures) to prevent that person making contact with the adult being harmed.

2. If you have been sent a **Safeguarding Adults Report Form** check that you can understand what is written and that all the necessary parts have been completed.

If you are being contacted directly by a member of staff or a volunteer request that they complete a Safeguarding Adults Report Form if they have not already done so (see Appendix 1) as soon as possible.

If the report is being made by the adult themselves or a member of the public fill in the safeguarding report form yourself gaining the details with the person contacting you.

- 3. Inform, reassure, and advise the **person making the report** e.g. what to do/what not to do. Explain what will happen next. Reinforce the need for confidentiality.
- **4.** Consider what is known about the situation, what the risks are, what is known of **the views of the adult**, whether they have given their consent to the report being made and whether they might be considered to be an 'adult at risk'.



Find out whether the person making the report believes the adult has the mental capacity to make decisions about what safeguarding actions they want to be taken (they are not expected to assess this, only provide their opinion).

Decide if you need to **contact the adult** to get more information, determine their wishes, or explain what actions you need to take.

5. Ensure that the **adult has been given information** about the process and what will happen next. Ensure that they have been provided with information about other organisations that can support them (see Appendix 2).

ONLY do this if you have a known safe way of contacting them.

Taking Action

In all situations you should ensure those in your organisation who can act (within their remit) to prevent further harm have the information to do so. This includes supporting the person at risk. Depending on the situation you may need to pass information to and work together with other organisations such as the Police and the Local Authority safeguarding team.

6. Consult and Decide

If necessary, consult with Case Management Group and with the Local Authority/the Police and decide which of the following actions need to be taken.

7. Contact the police (where the crime took place)

If:

- a serious crime has been committed.
- a crime has been committed against someone without the mental capacity to contact the police themselves.
- the adult has asked you to make a report to the Police on their behalf because they are unable to themselves.
- 8. Make a referral/report to the Local Authority Safeguarding Adults Team or Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) (where the adult lives) if you believe they may



be an adult at risk

AND

- the adult appears not to have the mental capacity to make decisions about their own safety and well-being.
- the risk is from a person employed or volunteering in work with adults with care and support needs (including within a sports organisations).
- there are other 'adults at risk' (e.g. another family member, another club member or other people using a service).
- the adult at risk lives in Wales or Northern Ireland (no consent required).
- the adult at risk lives in England or Scotland and they have asked you to make a report or have given their informed consent to you making it.

If a child is at risk you must also make a child safeguarding referral to the Local Authority. This includes all situations where there is domestic abuse within the household where the child lives.

If you are unsure whether or not to make a referral/report you can ask for advice by contacting the Local Authority Safeguarding Adults Team/Multi-agency Safeguarding Hub and discuss the situation with them without disclosing the identity of the adult or the person who may be causing harm

9. Use policy and procedures to stop harm within the organisation

If the person who may be causing harm is a person involved in Active Norfolk in whatever capacity inform the Lead Safeguarding Officer and Director.

Decide what policy and procedures the organisation will use to decide which actions will be taken e.g. breach of code of conduct, disciplinary procedures, breach of contract.

Agree what short term arrangements can be put in place to enable the adult, who may be being harmed, to be able to continue participating in the organisation/their sport.

The arrangements made must respect the rights of the person who may be causing harm and must be consistent with the relevant policy and procedures.

10. If statutory agencies are involved work together with them to agree the next steps.
E.g. the Police may need to interview an employee before a disciplinary investigation is conducted.



Attend and contribute to any safeguarding adults strategy or case meetings that are called by the Local Authority.

If statutory agencies say that they will not be taking any action in relation to a referral this should not stop Active Norfolk taking internal steps to safeguard the adult. E.g. the Police may decide not to pursue a criminal investigation where there is an allegation against an employee, but the organisation should still follow its disciplinary procedure.

11. Decide who in the organisation will **maintain contact with the adult** to consult with them, keep them informed and make sure they are receiving the support they need.

Unless advised not to by the Police or Local Authority, and only if there is a safe way to do so, contact the adult to let them know about the actions you have taken and the outcomes so far. Find out if the actions taken are working, what matters to them, what they would like to happen next and what outcomes they want to achieve.

- **12.** Convene a **Case Management Group meeting** to coordinate actions internally to your organisation:
 - share information about what has happened with those within Active Norfolk who have a role in safeguarding the adult.
 - share the views of the adult.
 - share any actions being taken by the Police/Local Authority.
 - agree who will coordinate between Active Norfolk and other agencies.
 - decide what actions Active Norfolk will take.



• Coordinate action by Active Norfolk.

These actions can include:

- Use of internal procedures such as breach of code of conduct/disciplinary procedures to address any behaviour that may have caused harm.
- Reporting any employee or volunteer found to have caused harm to the Disclosure and Barring Service.
- Communication with the adult about the safeguarding process, offering support to the adult and making any arrangements needed for them to continue their involvement with the organisation/sport.
- Offering support to staff, volunteers and members affected by the circumstances.
- Ensuring senior managers will are updated as needed.
- **13.** Case Management Group meeting must be **recorded** so that decision making is transparent, and actions agreed are followed. **Follow up meetings** should be held as necessary until the actions needed are complete.
- **14.** Ensure **records** are **complete** and **stored securely**. Collate monitoring information, including feedback from the person who was at risk of harm and **report to senior management team/ the Board as requested**.
- **15. Case Management Group**: Eve Dewsnap (Director), Aaron Roberts LSO and James Heale (Safeguarding Board Member).



Further Information and Useful Contacts

Policies, procedures and supporting information are available on the Active Norfolk website: <u>Safeguarding in Norfolk - Active Norfolk</u>

Lead Safeguarding Officer (LSO)::

Aaron Roberts: <u>aaron.roberts@activenorfolk.ora</u>

Adult Safeguarding Lead

Sam Watts: <u>sam.watts@activenorfolk.org</u>

Local Authority Safeguarding Adults Lead

Name: Norfolk Safeguarding Adults Board

Email: Norfolk Safeguarding Adults Board (NSAB)

Contact: nsabchair@norfolk.gov.uk

Local Police Contact

Name: Norfolk Police

Contact: 101 / In an emergency 999

Ann Craft Trust- Safeguarding Adults in Sport and Activity

Website: www.anncrafttrust.org

Email: <u>Ann-Craft-Trust@nottingham.ac.uk</u>

Telephone: 0115 951 5400



Section 3: Appendices



Appendix 1 – Sources of Information and Support

Action on Elder Abuse

A national organisation based in London. It aims to prevent the abuse of older people by raising awareness, encouraging education, promoting research and collecting and disseminating information.

Tel: 020 8765 7000

Email: enquiries@elderabuse.org.uk

www.elderabuse.org.uk

Ann Craft Trust (ACT)

A national organisation providing information and advice about adult safeguarding. ACT have a specialist Safeguarding Adults in Sport and Activity team to support the sector.

Tel: 0115 951 5400

Email:Ann-Craft-Trust@nottingham.ac.uk

www.anncrafttrust.org

Men's Advice Line

For male domestic abuse survivors

Tel: 0808 801 0327

National LGBT+ Domestic Abuse Helpline

Tel: 0800 999 5428

National 24Hour Freephone Domestic Abuse Helplines

England

Tel: 0808 2000 247

www.nationaldahelpline.org.uk/Contact-

us

Rape Crisis Federation of England and Wales

Rape Crisis was launched in 1996 and exists to provide a range of facilities and resources to enable the continuance and development of Rape Crisis Groups throughout Wales and England.

Email: info@rapecrisis.co.uk

www.rapecrisis.co.uk



Respond

Respond provides a range of services to victims and perpetrators of sexual abuse who have learning disabilities and training and support to those working with them.

Tel: 020 7383 0700 or 0808 808 0700 (Helpline)

Email: <u>services@respond.org.uk</u>

www.respond.org.uk

Stop Hate Crime

Works to challenge all forms of Hate Crime and discrimination, based on any aspect of an individual's identity. Stop Hate UK provides independent, confidential and accessible reporting and support for victims, witnesses and third parties.

24 hours service:

Telephone: 0800 138 1625

Web Chat: www.stophateuk.org/talk-to-us/

E mail: talk@stophateuk.org

Text: 07717 989 025

Text relay: 18001 0800 138 1625 By post: PO Box 851, Leeds LS1 9QS

Susy Lamplugh Trust

The Trust is a leading authority on personal safety. Its role is to minimise the damage caused to individuals and to society by aggression in all its forms – physical, verbal and psychological.

Tel: 020 83921839

Fax: Email: info@suzylamplugh.org

www.suzylamplugh.org

Victim Support

Provides practical advice and help, emotional support and reassurance to those who have suffered the effects of a crime.

Tel: 0808 168 9111

www.victimsupport.com

Women's Aid Federation of England and Wales

Women's Aid is a national domestic violence charity. It also runs a domestic violence online help service.

www.womensaid.org.uk/information-support